Understanding the intersectionality of race and ethnicity with Autism is crucial for creating inclusive and equitable support systems.

- Latin(o/a/x) children are diagnosed with Autism about 2.5 years later than non-Latin(o/a/x) children, leading to delayed access to crucial support services.
- Latin(o/a/x) children are less likely to access early intervention services compared to non-Latin(o/a/x) children.
- The new estimates suggest that about 3% of Black, Hispanic and Asian or Pacific Islander children have an Autism diagnosis, compared with about 2% of white kids.
- Cultural barriers include community perceptions of health services and general mistrust in service providers.
- **There is a lack of access to equitable supports and services to the Latin(o/a/x) Autistic community due to:**
  - Cultural Stigma
  - Education & Awareness
  - Socioeconomics
  - Immigration status
  - Language proficiency

“Latin(o/a/x)” encompasses people of Latin American descent living in the United States.
About the Autism Society

Mission
We create connections, empowering everyone in the Autism community with the resources needed to live fully.

Vision
Creating a world where everyone in the Autism community is connected to the support they need, when they need it.

Get connected to the support you need, when you need it.

The connection is you.™

AutismSociety.org