

Autism and the BIPOC Communities

BIPOC stands for Black, Indigenous, and People of Color.

Understanding the intersectionality of race and ethnicity with Autism is crucial for creating inclusive and equitable support systems.



Diagnosis Disparities

Most children are diagnosed with Autism between 4 and 7 years old, however a diagnosis delay is more pronounced with children from ethnic/racial minorities and low-income households.



Inequitable Access to Services

Research indicates that BIPOC children with Autism are less likely to receive early intervention services compared to their white counterparts.



Cultural Stigma

Some research shows that Black and Hispanic parents report higher levels of stigma associated with Autism compared to white parents.



Socioeconomic Factors

Race, ethnicity and poverty contribute to health inequities among Autistic children.



Underrepresentation

Despite the higher prevalence of Autism in BIPOC communities, only 3% of Autism research studies focus explicitly on racial or ethnic minority populations.

About the Autism Society

Mission

We create connections, empowering everyone in the Autism community with the resources needed to live fully.

Vision

Creating a world where everyone in the Autism community is connected to the support they need, when they need it.



**Get connected to the
support you need,
when you need it.**

The connection is you.™

AutismSociety.org